November 5, 2001

Ms. J. Middlebrooks Assistant City Attorney City of Dallas 2014 Main, Room 501 Dallas, Texas 75201

OR2001-5086

Dear Ms. Middlebrooks:

You ask whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID# 154338.

The City of Dallas Police Department (the "department") received a request for information relating to the location of a specific department vehicle on August 15, 2001, as well as information regarding the offenses to which the vehicle responded on that date. You claim that police officers' mobile telephone and pager numbers contained in the requested information are excepted from disclosure under section 552.108 of the Government Code. Because you seek to withhold only a portion of the requested information, we assume you have released the remainder of the information. To the extent you have not done so, you must do so now. See Gov't Code §§ 552.021, .221, .301, .302. With respect to the information you seek to withhold, we have considered the exception you claim and reviewed the submitted information.

Section 552.108 of the Government Code provides:

- (b) An internal record or notation of a law enforcement agency or prosecutor that is maintained for internal use in matters relating to law enforcement or prosecution is excepted from [required public disclosure] if:
  - (1) release of the internal record or notation would interfere with law enforcement or prosecution . . . .

Generally, a governmental body claiming section 552.108 must reasonably explain, if the information does not supply the explanation on its face, how and why the release of the requested information would interfere with law enforcement. See Gov't Code §§ 552.108(a)(1), (b)(1), .301(e)(1)(a); see also Exparte Pruitt, 551 S.W.2d 706 (Tex. 1977).

You contend that the submitted information contains "internal cellular telephone and/or pager numbers used by [department] officers in the field to carry out their law enforcement responsibilities." You further argue that "[t]he release of this information . . . would interfere with the ability of [department] personnel to perform their job duties."

In Open Records Decision No. 506 (1988), this office determined that the statutory predecessor to section 552.108 protects from required public disclosure the cellular mobile phone numbers assigned to public and private vehicles used by county officials and employees with specific law enforcement responsibilities. We therefore agree that the release of the mobile telephone and pager numbers in the submitted information would interfere with the department's law enforcement efforts. Consequently, you may withhold the numbers you have marked under section 552.108(b)(1) of the Government Code.

This letter ruling is limited to the particular records at issue in this request and limited to the facts as presented to us; therefore, this ruling must not be relied upon as a previous determination regarding any other records or any other circumstances.

This ruling triggers important deadlines regarding the rights and responsibilities of the governmental body and of the requestor. For example, governmental bodies are prohibited from asking the attorney general to reconsider this ruling. Gov't Code § 552.301(f). If the governmental body wants to challenge this ruling, the governmental body must appeal by filing suit in Travis County within 30 calendar days. *Id.* § 552.324(b). In order to get the full benefit of such an appeal, the governmental body must file suit within 10 calendar days. *Id.* § 552.353(b)(3), (c). If the governmental body does not appeal this ruling and the governmental body does not comply with it, then both the requestor and the attorney general have the right to file suit against the governmental body to enforce this ruling. *Id.* § 552.321(a).

If this ruling requires the governmental body to release all or part of the requested information, the governmental body is responsible for taking the next step. Based on the statute, the attorney general expects that, within 10 calendar days of this ruling, the governmental body will do one of the following three things: 1) release the public records; 2) notify the requestor of the exact day, time, and place that copies of the records will be provided or that the records can be inspected; or 3) notify the requestor of the governmental body's intent to challenge this letter ruling in court. If the governmental body fails to do one of these three things within 10 calendar days of this ruling, then the requestor should report that failure to the attorney general's Open Government Hotline, toll free, at 877/673-6839. The requestor may also file a complaint with the district or county attorney. *Id.* § 552.3215(e).

If this ruling requires or permits the governmental body to withhold all or some of the requested information, the requestor can appeal that decision by suing the governmental body. *Id.* § 552.321(a); *Tex. Dep't of Pub. Safety v. Gilbreath*, 842 S.W.2d 408, 411 (Tex. App.--Austin 1992, no writ).

Please remember that under the Act the release of information triggers certain procedures for costs and charges to the requestor. If records are released in compliance with this ruling, be sure that all charges for the information are at or below the legal amounts. Questions or complaints about over-charging must be directed to Hadassah Schloss at the General Services Commission at 512/475-2497.

If the governmental body, the requestor, or any other person has questions or comments about this ruling, they may contact our office. Although there is no statutory deadline for contacting us, the attorney general prefers to receive any comments within 10 calendar days of the date of this ruling.

Sincerely,

Nathan E. Bowden

Assistant Attorney General Open Records Division

Nathan E. Rourdew

NEB/sdk

Ref: ID# 154338

Enc: Submitted documents

c: Mr. Bennett Cunningham

Investigative Reporter

**CBS 11** 

10111 North Central Expressway

Dallas, Texas 75231 (w/o enclosures)